- Applies to proposed development applications under *Planning Act*
- Implementation is required by *Planning Act*/PPS, through municipal official plan policies and zoning by-laws
- Impacts are avoided through siting (prevention by relocation to lower risk areas)
- Impacts are mitigated through measures focused at neighbourhood scale (preventative design) and site scale (e.g. site plan control)
- Site-specific mitigation is implemented through planning tools (e.g., conditions of approval on planning applications)

Wildland Fire Land Use Planning Policies (PPS, 2014)

Ontario's FireSmart Program

- Municipal-wide assessment is recommended to identify hazards, undertake risk assessment and develop mitigation plan
- Site-specific assessment is required to confirm hazard

- Applies largely to existing development and supports the implementation of the Forest Fires Prevention Act and the Emergency Management and Civil Protection Act
- Implementation is achieved through voluntary municipal-led wildland fire hazard assessment
- Impacts are mitigated through post-construction measures
- Mitigation measures are generally focused at site and structural scales (post-construction)