

### DAILY EPIDEMIOLOGICAL SUMMARY

# COVID-19 in Ontario: January 15, 2020 to February 9, 2022

Due to changes in the Ministry of Health's <u>updated guidance on testing and case, contact and</u> <u>outbreak management</u>, case counts in this report are an underestimate of the true number of individuals with COVID-19 in Ontario. In addition, data for hospitalizations, intensive care unit (ICU) admission and deaths in the most recent reporting period should be interpreted with caution due to data entry and reporting lags.

### Introduction

This report includes the most current information available from CCM as of February 9, 2022.

A <u>weekly summary report</u> is available with additional information to complement the daily report.

Please visit the interactive <u>Ontario COVID-19 Data Tool</u> to explore recent COVID-19 data by public health unit, age group, sex, and trends over time. For more information about whole genome sequencing, please see the <u>SARS CoV-2 Whole Genome Sequencing in Ontario report.</u>

This **daily** report provides an epidemiologic summary of recent COVID-19 activity in Ontario. The change in cases is determined by taking the cumulative difference between the current day and the previous day.

In this document, the term 'change in cases' refers to cases publicly reported by the province for a given day. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and or updated from past reports and may result in subset totals for updated case counts (i.e., age group, sex) differing from the overall updated case counts.

The term public health unit reported date in this document refers to the date local public health units were first notified of the case.

# Highlights

- There are a total of 1,064,604 confirmed cases of COVID-19 in Ontario reported to date.
- Compared to the previous day, this represents:
  - An increase of 3,201 confirmed cases (percent change of +1.2%)
  - An increase of 44\* deaths (percent change of -32.3%)
  - An increase of 4,143 resolved cases (percent change of -17.0%)

\* This number only includes deaths that have occurred in the last month.

Due to changes in the Ministry of Health's <u>updated guidance on testing and case, contact and outbreak</u> <u>management</u>, case counts in this report are an underestimate of the true number of individuals with COVID-19 in Ontario. In addition, data for hospitalizations, intensive care unit (ICU) admission and deaths in the most recent reporting period should be interpreted with caution due to data entry and reporting lags.

### **Case Characteristics**

	Change in cases February 8, 2022	Change in cases February 9, 2022	Percentage change February 9, 2022 compared to February 8, 2022	Cumulative case count as of February 9, 2022
Total number of cases	3,162	3,201	+1.2%	1,064,604
Number of deaths	65	44	-32.3%	11,988
Number resolved	4,992	4,143	-17.0%	1,023,420

### Table 1a. Summary of recent confirmed cases of COVID-19: Ontario

**Note:** The number of cases publicly reported by the province each day may not align with case counts reported to public health on a given day; public health unit reported date refers to the date local public health was first notified of the case. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and or updated from past reports. The number of deaths presented in the change in cases column for each day only includes deaths that occurred in the last 30 days.

Data Source: CCM

	Change in cases February 8, 2022	Change in cases February 9, 2022	Cumulative case count as of February 9, 2022
Sex: Male	1,330	1,333	508,615
Sex: Female	1,775	1,803	550,171
Ages: 0-4	171	119	31,355
Ages: 5-11	194	210	63,730
Ages: 12-19	201	250	91,005
Ages: 20-39	1,200	1,161	408,783
Ages: 40-59	834	860	295,474
Ages: 60-79	395	417	128,493
Ages: 80 and over	157	182	45,434

### Table 1b. Summary of recent confirmed cases of COVID-19 by age group and sex: Ontario

Note: Not all cases have an age or sex reported. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and or updated from past reports and may result in subset totals (i.e., age group, sex) differing from past publicly reported case counts.

Data Source: CCM

#### Table 2. Summary of recent confirmed cases of COVID-19 in long-term care homes: Ontario

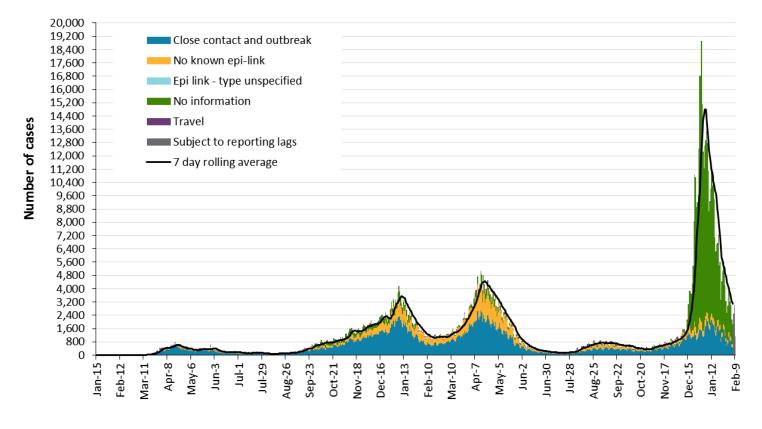
Long-term care home cases	Change in cases February 8, 2022	Change in cases February 9, 2022	Cumulative case count as of February 9, 2022
Residents	118	94	23,779
Health care workers	45	54	10,137
Deaths among residents	14	14	4,399
Deaths among health care workers	0	0	10

Note: Information on how long-term care home residents and health care workers are identified is available in the technical notes. Also, the change in cases in these categories may represent existing case records that have been updated.

Data Source: CCM

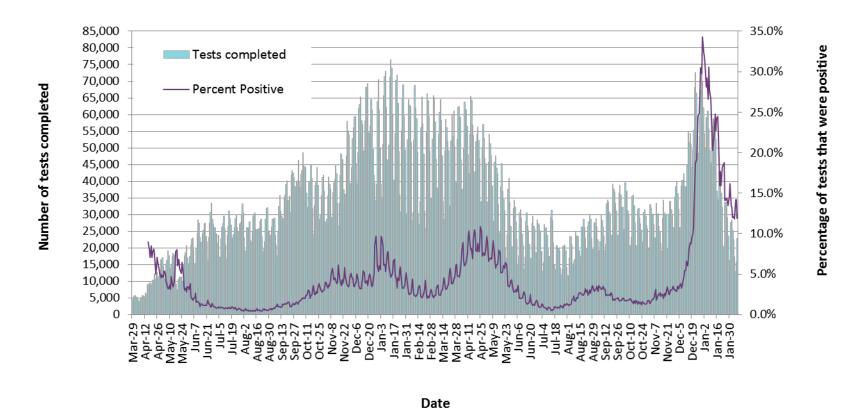
### Time

Figure 1. Confirmed cases of COVID-19 by likely acquisition and public health unit reported date: Ontario, January 15, 2020 to February 9, 2022



**Reported date** 

**Note:** Changes in testing eligibility went into effect on December 31, 2021, limiting access to testing and resulting in a change in the population being tested. **Data Source:** CCM





**Note:** The number of tests performed does not reflect the number of specimens or persons tested. More than one test may be performed per specimen or per person. As such, the percentage of tests that were positive does not necessarily translate to the number of specimens or persons testing positive. Changes in testing eligibility went into effect on December 31, 2021, limiting access to testing and resulting in a change in the population being tested. **Data Source:** The Provincial COVID-19 Diagnostics Network, data reported by member microbiology laboratories.

### Severity

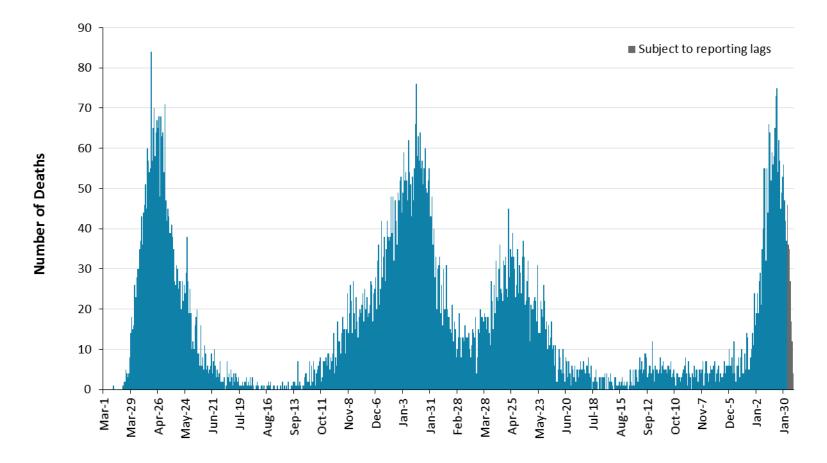


Figure 3. Confirmed deaths among COVID-19 cases by date of death: Ontario, March 1, 2020 to February 9, 2022

Date of Death

**Note:** Cases without a death date are not included in the figure. **Data Source:** CCM

	Cumulative case count as of February 9, 2022	Percentage of all cases
Cumulative deaths reported (please note there may be a reporting delay for deaths)	11,988	1.1%
Deaths reported in ages: 19 and under	10	<0.1%
Deaths reported in ages: 20-39	133	<0.1%
Deaths reported in ages: 40-59	860	0.3%
Deaths reported in ages: 60-79	3,981	3.1%
Deaths reported in ages: 80 and over	7,002	15.4%
Ever in ICU	7,524	0.7%
Ever hospitalized	40,538	3.8%

**Note:** Not all cases have an age reported. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and/or updated and may result in totals differing from past publicly reported case counts. Percentage of deaths reported for each age group is calculated using all cases in the age group as the denominator. **Data Source**: CCM

# Geography

# Table 4. Summary of recent confirmed cases of COVID-19 by public health unit and region:Ontario

Public Health Unit Name	Change in cases February 8, 2022	Change in cases February 9, 2022	Cumulative case count	Cumulative rate per 100,000 population
Northwestern Health Unit	57	84	3,751	4,620.3
Thunder Bay District Health Unit	71	96	7,427	4,709.4
TOTAL NORTH WEST	128	180	11,178	4,679.1
Algoma Public Health	59	74	4,197	3,561.6
North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit	51	47	3,160	2,443.8
Porcupine Health Unit	56	77	4,665	5,488.2
Public Health Sudbury & Districts	92	67	9,901	4,823.7
Timiskaming Health Unit	16	10	1,050	3,098.7
TOTAL NORTH EAST	274	275	22,973	4,021.3
Ottawa Public Health	244	171	60,066	5,758.2
Eastern Ontario Health Unit	68	30	13,086	6,062.3
Hastings Prince Edward Public Health	97	47	6,246	3,614.0
Kingston, Frontenac and Lennox & Addington Public Health	30	45	9,132	4,364.6
Leeds, Grenville & Lanark District Health Unit	61	41	6,115	3,398.2
Renfrew County and District Health Unit	27	41	3,074	2,833.9
TOTAL EASTERN	527	375	97,719	5,064.6

Public Health Unit Name	Change in cases February 8, 2022	Change in cases February 9, 2022	Cumulative case count	Cumulative rate per 100,000 population
Durham Region Health Department	146	135	51,384	7,222.7
Haliburton, Kawartha, Pine Ridge District Health Unit	26	28	6,568	3,443.6
Peel Public Health	283	275	169,243	10,823.6
Peterborough Public Health	14	22	5,188	3,502.6
Simcoe Muskoka District Health Unit	150	181	33,284	5,505.9
York Region Public Health	143	163	96,277	8,021.3
TOTAL CENTRAL EAST	762	804	361,944	8,191.2
Toronto Public Health	482	555	272,874	9,131.1
TOTAL TORONTO	482	555	272,874	9,131.1
Chatham-Kent Public Health	35	32	6,405	6,007.3
Grey Bruce Health Unit	32	35	5,747	3,262.6
Huron Perth Public Health	27	35	5,372	3,673.3
Lambton Public Health	60	78	9,275	6,975.2
Middlesex-London Health Unit	128	132	30,422	5,958.0
Southwestern Public Health	50	35	10,658	4,868.7
Windsor-Essex County Health Unit	103	145	35,725	8,289.9
TOTAL SOUTH WEST	435	492	103,604	6,014.9
Brant County Health Unit	22	20	9,542	6,213.9
City of Hamilton Public Health Services	139	119	47,108	8,098.0
Haldimand-Norfolk Health Unit	58	24	6,679	5,565.5

Public Health Unit Name	Change in cases February 8, 2022	Change in cases February 9, 2022	Cumulative case count	Cumulative rate per 100,000 population
Halton Region Public Health	83	93	41,231	6,752.8
Niagara Region Public Health	123	94	32,648	6,777.3
Region of Waterloo Public Health and Emergency Services	77	127	39,332	6,498.7
Wellington-Dufferin-Guelph Public Health	52	43	17,772	5,696.3
TOTAL CENTRAL WEST	554	520	194,312	6,782.7
TOTAL ONTARIO	3,162	3,201	1,064,604	7,225.5

**Notes:** Health units with data corrections or updates could result in records being removed from totals, leading to negative or zero counts.

Data Source: CCM

### Outbreaks

Table 5. Summary of recent confirmed COVID-19 outbreaks reported in long-term care homes, retirement homes and hospitals by status: Ontario

Institution type	Change in outbreaks February 8, 2022	Change in outbreaks February 9, 2022	Number of ongoing outbreaks	Cumulative number of outbreaks reported
Long-term care homes	-2	1	236	2,099
Retirement homes	3	-1	131	1,385
Hospitals	8	3	120	1,103

**Note:** Ongoing outbreaks are those that are reported in CCM as 'Open' and without a 'Declared Over Date' recorded. The start of the outbreak is determined by the onset date of first case, or if missing the outbreak reported date, or else if that is also missing, then the outbreak created date. **Data Source:** CCM

# **Technical Notes**

### Data Sources

- The data for this report were based on information successfully extracted from the Public Health Case and Contact Management Solution (CCM) for all PHUs by PHO as of February 9, 2022 at 1
  p.m. for cases reported from May 1, 2021 onwards and as of February 7, 2022 at 9 a.m. for cases reported up to April 30, 2021.
- CCM is a dynamic disease reporting system, which allows ongoing updates to data previously entered. As a result, data extracted from CCM represent a snapshot at the time of extraction and may differ from previous or subsequent reports.
- Ontario population estimate data were sourced from Statistics Canada. Population estimates 2001-2020: Table 1 annual population estimates by age and sex for July 1, 2001 to 2020, health regions, Ontario [unpublished data table]. Ottawa, ON: Government of Canada; 2021 [received April 22, 2021].
- COVID-19 test data were based on information from The Provincial COVID-19 Diagnostics Network, reported by member microbiology laboratories.

### **Data Caveats**

- Due to changes in the availability of testing, driven by increasing COVID-19 cases related to the Omicron variant, case counts in this report are an underestimate of the true number of individuals with COVID-19 in Ontario. As such, data should be interpreted with caution.
- The data only represent cases reported to public health units and recorded in CCM. As a result, all counts will be subject to varying degrees of underreporting due to a variety of factors, such as disease awareness and medical care seeking behaviours, which may depend on severity of illness, clinical practice, changes in laboratory testing, and reporting behaviours.
- Data cleaning for older cases is incorporated on Mondays and Thursdays and may impact the case count published on Tuesdays and Fridays.
- Lags in CCM data entry due to weekend staffing may result in lower case counts than would otherwise be recorded.
- Only cases meeting the confirmed case classification as listed in the <u>MOH Case Definition</u> <u>Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) document</u> are included in the report counts from CCM.
- Cases of confirmed reinfection, as defined in the provincial case definitions, are counted as unique investigations.
- Case classification information may be updated for individuals with a positive result issued from a point-of-care assays.
- The number of tests performed does not reflect the number of specimens or persons tested. More than one test may be performed per specimen or per person. As such, the percentage of tests that were positive does not necessarily translate to the number of specimens or persons testing positive.
- Reported date is the date the case was reported to the public health unit.

COVID-19 in Ontario: January 15, 2020 to February 9, 2022

- Resolved cases are determined only for COVID-19 cases that have not died. Cases that have died are considered fatal and not resolved. The following cases are classified as resolved:
  - Cases that are reported as 'recovered' in CCM based on local public health unit assessment
  - Cases that are not hospitalized and are 14 days past their symptom onset date or specimen collection date (where symptom onset date is not known)
  - Cases that are currently hospitalized (no hospital end date entered) and have a status of 'closed' in CCM (indicating public health unit follow-up is complete) and are 14 days past their symptom onset date or specimen collection date
- Hospitalization includes all cases hospitalized (or that had their hospital stay extended) because of COVID-19. It includes cases that have been discharged from hospital as well as cases that are currently hospitalized. Includes Intensive Care Unit (ICU) cases but not emergency room visits. Hospitalizations were identified by a reported hospital admission date or reported 'Yes' for hospitalization/ICU
- ICU admission includes all cases for which an ICU admission date was reported at the time of data extraction. It is a subset of the count of hospitalized cases. It includes cases that have been treated or that are currently being treated in an ICU.
- Orientation of case counts by geography is based on the permanent health unit. This is equivalent to the diagnosing health unit (DHU) in iPHIS. DHU refers to the case's public health unit of residence at the time of illness onset and not necessarily the location of exposure. Cases for which the DHU was reported as MOH-PHO (to signify a case that is not a resident of Ontario) have been excluded from the analyses.
- Male/Female information presented in this report are sourced from the Sex field in CCM and are intended to represent sex assigned at birth. On October 14, 2021 changes were made in CCM to enable reporting on the Sex field where these data are supplemented by archived Male/Female information previously entered in the Gender field.
- Likely source of acquisition is determined by examining the epidemiologic link and epidemiologic link status fields in CCM. If no epidemiologic link is identified in those fields the risk factor fields are examined to determine whether a case travelled, was associated with a confirmed outbreak, was a contact of a case, had no known epidemiological link (sporadic community transmission) or was reported to have an unknown source/no information was reported. Some cases may have no information reported if the case is untraceable, was lost to follow-up or referred to FNIHB. Cases with multiple risk factors were assigned to a single likely acquisition source group which was determined hierarchically in the following order:
  - For cases with an episode date on or after April 1, 2020: Outbreak-associated > close contact of a confirmed case > travel > no known epidemiological link > information missing or unknown
  - For cases with an episode date *before* April 1, 2020: Travel > outbreak-associated > close contact of a confirmed case > no known epidemiological link > information missing or unknown
  - Case episode date represents an estimate of disease onset. This date is calculated based on the earliest date of symptom onset, specimen collection/test date, or the date reported to the public health unit

- Deaths are determined by using the outcome field in CCM. Any case marked 'Fatal' is included in the deaths data. The CCM field Type of Death is not used to further categorize the data.
  - If the date of death is missing the outcome date field is used as a proxy for cases marked as 'Fatal' in the outcome field.
- COVID-19 cases from CCM for which the Classification and/or Disposition was reported as ENTERED IN ERROR, DOES NOT MEET DEFINITION, IGNORE, DUPLICATE or any variation on these values have been excluded. The provincial case count for COVID-19 may include some duplicate records, if these records were not identified and resolved.
- Ongoing outbreaks are those that are reported in CCM as 'Open' and without a 'Declared Over Date' recorded. Closed outbreaks are 'Closed' or have a 'Declared Over Date' recorded in CCM or where the outbreak start date (determined by the onset date of first case, or if missing the reported date, or if missing the created date) is more than 5 months from the current date, even for outbreaks where the outbreak status value selected in CCM is 'OPEN'.
- 'Long-term care home residents' includes cases that reported 'Yes' to the risk factor 'Resident of a long-term care home'; or 'Yes' to the risk factor 'Resident of nursing home or other chronic care facility' and reported to be part of an outbreak assigned as a long-term care home (via the Outbreak number or case comments field); or were reported to be part of an outbreak assigned as a long-term care home (via the outbreak number or case comments field) with an age over 70 years and did not report 'No' to the risk factors 'Resident of long-term care home' or 'Resident of nursing home or other chronic care facility'. 'Long-term care home residents' excludes cases that reported 'Yes' to any of the health care worker occupational risk factors.
- The 'health care workers' variable includes cases that reported 'Yes' to any of the occupation of health care worker, doctor, nurse, dentist, dental hygienist, midwife, other medical technicians, personal support worker, respiratory therapist, first responder.
- 'Health care workers associated with long-term care outbreaks' includes 'health care workers' reported to be part of an outbreak assigned as a long-term care home (via the outbreak number or case comments field). Excludes cases that reported 'Yes' to risk factors 'Resident of long-term care home' or 'Resident of nursing home or other chronic care facility' and 'Yes' to the calculated 'health care workers' variable.
- Percent change is calculated by taking the difference between the current period (i.e., daily count or sum of the daily count over a 7-day period) and previous period (i.e., daily count or sum of the daily count over a 7-day period), divided by the previous period.

### Appendix A

Table A1. Weekly rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population over recent rolling 7-day periods, by reported date and public health unit: Ontario, January 25, 2022 to February 6, 2022

Public Health Unit Name	Jan 25 to Jan 31	Jan 26 to Feb 1	Jan 27 to Feb 2	Jan 28 to Feb 3	Jan 29 to Feb 4	Jan 30 to Feb 5	Jan 31 to Feb 6	% change from Jan 25 – Jan 31 to Jan 31 – Feb 6
NORTH WEST								
Northwestern Health Unit	356.0	383.1	342.4	332.6	324.0	363.4	360.9	+1.4%
Thunder Bay District Health Unit	322.1	323.4	310.1	287.2	285.3	275.8	273.9	-15.0%
NORTH EAST								
Algoma Public Health	258.0	271.6	267.3	281.7	293.6	274.1	285.1	+10.5%
North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit	174.8	159.3	163.9	172.5	168.6	177.1	174.8	0.0%
Porcupine Health Unit	289.4	308.2	310.6	301.2	316.5	320.0	316.5	+9.4%
Public Health Sudbury & Districts	280.6	293.3	294.8	289.4	299.1	289.4	284.5	+1.4%
Timiskaming Health Unit	115.1	123.9	100.3	115.1	118.0	126.9	129.9	+12.9%
EASTERN								
Ottawa Public Health	170.2	171.1	160.3	152.1	148.2	143.5	138.4	-18.7%
Eastern Ontario Health Unit	237.7	224.2	228.4	200.6	185.3	185.3	177.9	-25.2%
Hastings Prince Edward Public Health	202.5	188.0	163.2	161.4	164.3	163.2	164.9	-18.6%

Public Health Unit Name	Jan 25 to Jan 31	Jan 26 to Feb 1	Jan 27 to Feb 2	Jan 28 to Feb 3	Jan 29 to Feb 4	Jan 30 to Feb 5	Jan 31 to Feb 6	% change from Jan 25 – Jan 31 to Jan 31 – Feb 6
Kingston, Frontenac and Lennox & Addington Public Health	150.6	144.3	146.3	131.9	138.1	139.6	153.4	+1.9%
Leeds, Grenville & Lanark District Health Unit	181.2	172.3	172.8	180.6	186.2	197.8	193.4	+6.7%
Renfrew County and District Health Unit	192.7	193.6	197.3	178.8	171.5	152.1	149.3	-22.5%
CENTRAL EAST								
Durham Region Health Department	164.9	157.3	146.2	138.3	134.4	131.8	126.6	-23.2%
Haliburton, Kawartha, Pine Ridge District Health Unit	189.8	186.1	155.2	156.8	138.9	146.3	149.4	-21.3%
Peel Public Health	218.2	198.4	182.9	166.3	152.6	133.7	118.8	-45.6%
Peterborough Public Health	147.2	149.9	141.8	129.0	135.0	131.0	131.0	-11.0%
Simcoe Muskoka District Health Unit	199.8	189.9	187.6	172.9	158.8	161.0	157.8	-21.0%
York Region Public Health	130.9	120.3	110.9	103.3	95.6	89.1	90.1	-31.2%
TORONTO								
Toronto Public Health	174.3	161.9	152.7	142.6	135.0	123.9	116.4	-33.2%
SOUTH WEST								
Chatham-Kent Public Health	346.1	302.9	279.5	249.5	245.7	223.2	210.1	-39.3%
Grey Bruce Health Unit	128.3	130.6	149.3	135.7	135.1	130.0	134.5	+4.8%

Public Health Unit Name	Jan 25 to Jan 31	Jan 26 to Feb 1	Jan 27 to Feb 2	Jan 28 to Feb 3	Jan 29 to Feb 4	Jan 30 to Feb 5	Jan 31 to Feb 6	% change from Jan 25 – Jan 31 to Jan 31 – Feb 6
Huron Perth Public Health	155.9	161.4	158.0	148.4	145.6	140.9	140.2	-10.1%
Lambton Public Health	261.7	300.1	273.7	264.7	246.7	261.0	271.5	+3.7%
Middlesex-London Health Unit	242.8	243.8	233.1	215.0	205.6	186.2	187.2	-22.9%
Southwestern Public Health	192.8	205.6	185.9	181.8	183.2	174.5	165.4	-14.2%
Windsor-Essex County Health Unit	276.6	272.4	249.9	236.2	227.4	216.5	217.7	-21.3%
CENTRAL WEST								
Brant County Health Unit	231.2	214.9	202.5	199.3	151.7	146.5	131.5	-43.1%
City of Hamilton Public Health Services	213.8	202.7	188.1	181.5	168.6	158.3	154.5	-27.7%
Haldimand-Norfolk Health Unit	222.5	201.7	203.3	182.5	176.7	155.0	158.3	-28.9%
Halton Region Public Health	166.6	155.9	132.7	124.0	116.0	103.3	97.0	-41.8%
Niagara Region Public Health	229.4	220.0	201.8	196.0	172.9	173.1	171.1	-25.4%
Region of Waterloo Public Health and Emergency Services	176.0	166.1	149.5	133.3	125.4	121.3	117.5	-33.2%
Wellington-Dufferin- Guelph Public Health	154.8	148.7	136.2	127.6	124.0	124.7	121.5	-21.5%
TOTAL ONTARIO	192.7	184.5	173.1	162.6	154.6	146.8	142.3	-26.2%

**Note:** Rates are based on the sum of the daily case counts during the date ranges specified in each column. **Data Source**: CCM

Table A2. Number of confirmed COVID-19 cases with a fatal outcome by date of death in the last 30 days: Ontario

Date of Death	Number of deaths
January 11, 2022	55
January 12, 2022	32
January 13, 2022	55
January 14, 2022	44
January 15, 2022	66
January 16, 2022	64
January 17, 2022	52
January 18, 2022	59
January 19, 2022	56
January 20, 2022	58
January 21, 2022	65
January 22, 2022	73
January 23, 2022	75
January 24, 2022	54
January 25, 2022	62
January 26, 2022	57
January 27, 2022	45
January 28, 2022	49
January 29, 2022	53
January 30, 2022	56
January 31, 2022	47
February 1, 2022	42

COVID-19 in Ontario: January 15, 2020 to February 9, 2022

Date of Death	Number of deaths
February 2, 2022	37
February 3, 2022	46*
February 4, 2022	36*
February 5, 2022	35*
February 6, 2022	27*
February 7, 2022	17*
February 8, 2022	12*
February 9, 2022	4*

**Note:** Cases without a death date are not included in the table. \*Subject to reporting lags

Data Source: CCM

# Citation

Ontario Agency for Health Protection and Promotion (Public Health Ontario). Epidemiologic summary: COVID-19 in Ontario – January 15, 2020 to February 9, 2022. Toronto, ON: Queen's Printer for Ontario; 2022.

### Disclaimer

This document was developed by Public Health Ontario (PHO). PHO provides scientific and technical advice to Ontario's government, public health organizations and health care providers. PHO's work is guided by the current best available evidence at the time of publication. The application and use of this document is the responsibility of the user. PHO assumes no liability resulting from any such application or use. This document may be reproduced without permission for non-commercial purposes only and provided that appropriate credit is given to PHO. No changes and/or modifications may be made to this document without express written permission from PHO.

### For Further Information

For more information, <u>cd@oahpp.ca.</u>

### Public Health Ontario

Public Health Ontario is an agency of the Government of Ontario dedicated to protecting and promoting the health of all Ontarians and reducing inequities in health. Public Health Ontario links public health practitioners, front-line health workers and researchers to the best scientific intelligence and knowledge from around the world.

For more information about PHO, visit publichealthontario.ca.



©Queen's Printer for Ontario, 2022