

Daily Epidemiologic Summary

COVID-19 in Ontario: January 15, 2020 to February 07, 2021

This report includes the most current information available from CCM as of February 07, 2021.

Please visit the interactive Ontario COVID-19 Data Tool to explore recent COVID-19 data by public health unit, age group, sex, and trends over time.

A weekly summary report is available with additional information to complement the daily report.

This **daily** report provides an epidemiologic summary of recent COVID-19 activity in Ontario. The change in cases is determined by taking the cumulative difference between the current day and the previous day.

Highlights

- There are a total of 279,472 confirmed cases of COVID-19 in Ontario reported to date.
- Compared to the previous day, this represents:
 - An increase of 1,265 confirmed cases (percent change of -15.0%)
 - An increase of 33 deaths (percent change of +50.0%)
 - An increase of 1,700 resolved cases (percent change of -12.2%)

In this document, the term 'change in cases' refers to cases publicly reported by the province for a given day. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and or updated from past reports and may result in subset totals for updated case counts (i.e., age group, gender) differing from the overall updated case counts.

The term public health unit reported date in this document refers to the date local public health units were first notified of the case.

Case Characteristics

Table 1a. Summary of recent confirmed cases of COVID-19: Ontario

	Change in cases February 06, 2021	Change in cases February 07, 2021	Percentage change February 07, 2021 compared to February 06, 2021	Cumulative case count as of February 07, 2021
Total number of cases	1,489	1,265	-15.0%	279,472
Number of deaths	22	33	+50.0%	6,538
Number resolved	1,937	1,700	-12.2%	258,603

Note: The number of cases publicly reported by the province each day may not align with case counts reported to public health on a given day; public health unit reported date refers to the date local public health was first notified of the case. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and or updated from past reports.

Table 1b. Summary of recent confirmed cases of COVID-19 by age group and gender: Ontario

	Change in cases February 06, 2021	Change in cases February 07, 2021	Cumulative case count as of February 07, 2021
Gender: Male	762	640	136,775
Gender: Female	705	598	141,054
Ages: 19 and under	218	188	36,582
Ages: 20-39	561	457	102,149
Ages: 40-59	451	348	80,816
Ages: 60-79	191	203	40,370
Ages: 80 and over	67	68	19,503

Note: Not all cases have a reported age or gender reported. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and or updated from past reports and may result in subset totals (i.e., age group, gender) differing from past publicly reported case counts.

Data Source: CCM

Table 2. Summary of recent confirmed cases of COVID-19 in school aged children by age group, August 30, 2020 to February 07, 2021: Ontario

	Change in cases February 06, 2021	from	
Ages: 4 to 8	34	33	5,969
Ages: 9 to 13	49	43	8,180
Ages: 14 to 17	51	46	8,609

Note: Includes all confirmed cases of COVID-19 for specified ages, regardless of school attendance. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and or updated from past reports and may result in subset totals (i.e., age group) differing from past publicly reported case counts.

Table 3. Summary of recent confirmed cases of COVID-19 in long-term care homes: Ontario

Long-term care home cases	Change in cases February 06, 2021	Change in cases February 07, 2021	Cumulative case count as of February 07, 2021
Residents	24	14	14,809
Health care workers	31	18	6,425
Deaths among residents	13	8	3,740
Deaths among health care workers	0	0	10

Note: Information on how long-term care home residents and health care workers are identified is available in the technical notes. Also, the change in cases in these categories may represent existing case records that have been updated.

Data Source: CCM

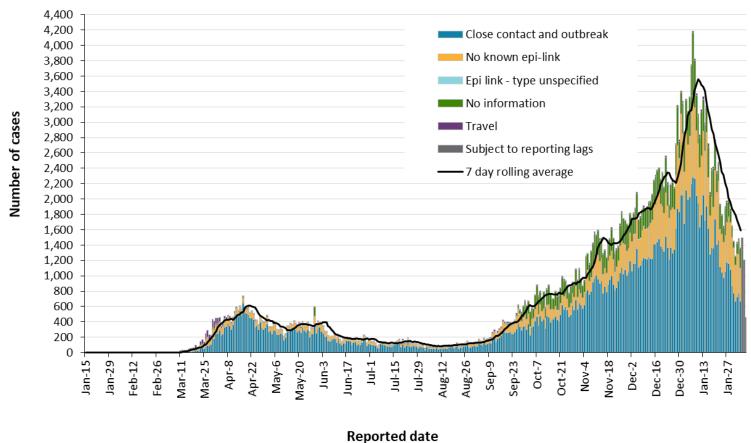
Table 4. Summary of confirmed variant of concern (VOC) cases: Ontario

Variant	Cumulative case count up to February 07
Lineage B.1.1.7 (UK variant)	219
Lineage B.1.351 (South African variant)	1

Note: Caution should be taken when interpreting VOC data due to the nature of the screening and confirmation process, including delays between specimen collection and whole genome sequencing (WGS). A confirmed VOC case is defined as a COVID-19 case in whom a designated VOC was detected by WGS of their SARS-CoV-2 positive specimen. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and/or updated and may result in totals differing from past publicly reported case counts. For a breakdown of confirmed VOC cases by PHU please see Appendix A.

Time

Figure 1. Confirmed cases of COVID-19 by likely acquisition and public health unit reported date: Ontario, January 15, 2020 to February 07, 2021

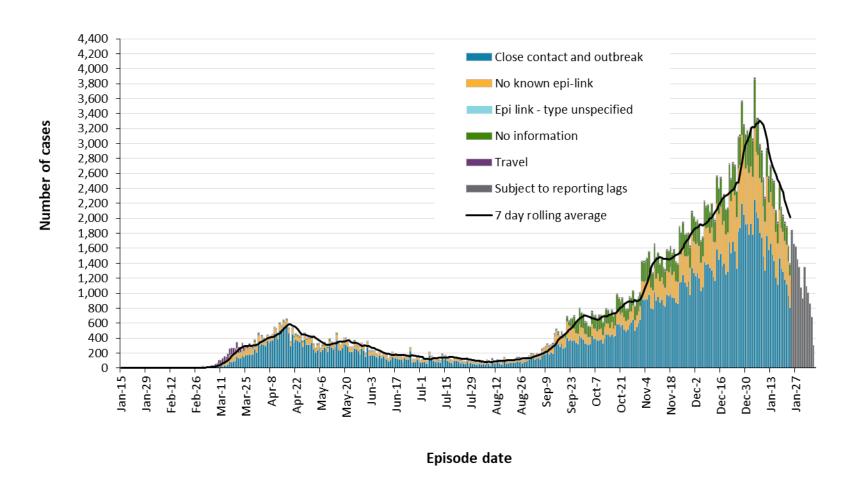


Reported C

Data Source: CCM

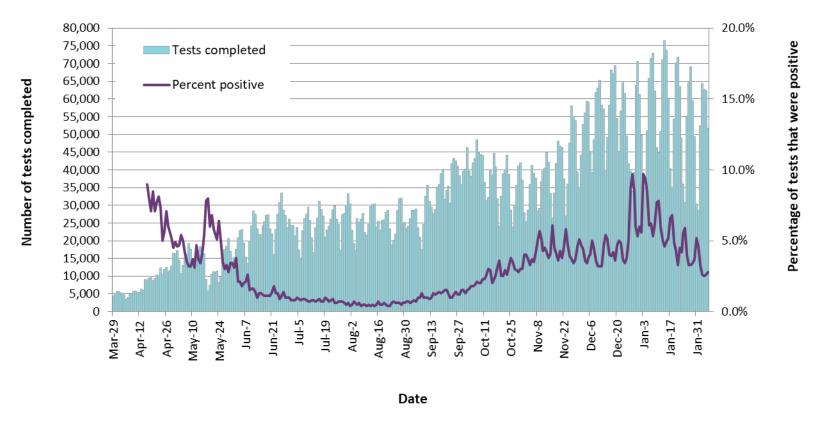
COVID-19 in Ontario: January 15, 2020 to February 07, 2021

Figure 2. Confirmed cases of COVID-19 by likely acquisition and approximation of symptom onset date: Ontario, January 15, 2020 to February 07, 2021



Note: Not all cases may have an episode date and those without one are not included in the figure. Episode date is defined and available in the technical notes. **Data Source:** CCM

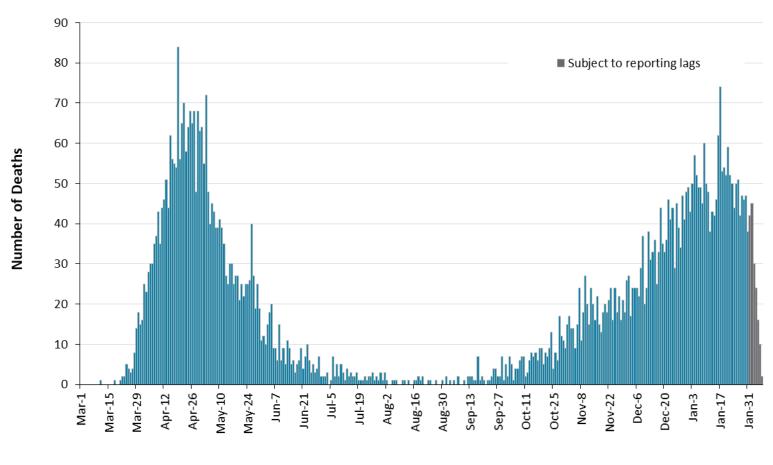




Note: The number of tests performed does not reflect the number of specimens or persons tested. More than one test may be performed per specimen or per person. As such, the percentage of tests that were positive does not necessarily translate to the number of specimens or persons testing positive. **Data Source:** The Provincial COVID-19 Diagnostics Network, data reported by member microbiology laboratories.

Severity

Figure 4. Confirmed deaths among COVID-19 cases by date of death: Ontario, March 1, 2020 to February 07, 2021



Date of Death

Note: Cases without a death date are not included in the figure.

Data Source: CCM

COVID-19 in Ontario: January 15, 2020 to February 07, 2021

Table 5. Confirmed cases of COVID-19 by severity: Ontario

	Cumulative case count as of February 07, 2021	Percentage of all cases
Cumulative deaths reported (please note there may be a reporting delay for deaths)	6,538	2.3%
Deaths reported in ages: 19 and under	2	<0.1%
Deaths reported in ages: 20-39	26	<0.1%
Deaths reported in ages: 40-59	252	0.3%
Deaths reported in ages: 60-79	1,772	4.4%
Deaths reported in ages: 80 and over	4,485	23.0%
Ever in ICU	2,556	0.9%
Ever hospitalized	14,028	5.0%

Note: Not all cases have an age reported. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and/or updated and may result in totals differing from past publicly reported case counts.

Geography

Table 6. Summary of recent confirmed cases of COVID-19 by public health unit and region: Ontario

Public Health Unit Name	Change in cases February 06, 2021	Change in cases February 07, 2021	Cumulative case count	Cumulative rate per 100,000 population
Northwestern Health Unit	9	1	278	317.1
Thunder Bay District Health Unit	25	8	1,062	708.2
TOTAL NORTH WEST	34	9	1,340	563.9
Algoma Public Health	2	3	181	158.2
North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit	1	0	196	151.1
Porcupine Health Unit	0	2	294	352.3
Public Health Sudbury & Districts	10	5	550	276.3
Timiskaming Health Unit	0	0	90	275.3
TOTAL NORTH EAST	13	10	1,311	234.4
Ottawa Public Health	57	50	13,684	1,297.5
Eastern Ontario Health Unit	2	4	2,530	1,212.2
Hastings Prince Edward Public Health	1	1	364	216.0
Kingston, Frontenac and Lennox & Addington Public Health	1	2	666	313.1
Leeds, Grenville & Lanark District Health Unit	1	1	821	474.1
Renfrew County and District Health Unit	2	0	305	280.8

Public Health Unit Name	Change in cases February 06, 2021	Change in cases February 07, 2021	Cumulative case count	Cumulative rate per 100,000 population
TOTAL EASTERN	64	58	18,370	953.6
Durham Region Health Department	50	61	11,081	1,555.4
Haliburton, Kawartha, Pine Ridge District Health Unit	5	9	924	489.1
Peel Public Health	261	256	56,729	3,532.4
Peterborough Public Health	3	0	559	377.8
Simcoe Muskoka District Health Unit	43	43	5,813	969.5
York Region Public Health	121	130	26,414	2,154.8
TOTAL CENTRAL EAST	483	499	101,520	2,265.7
Toronto Public Health	517	421	87,776	2,813.0
TOTAL TORONTO	517	421	87,776	2,813.0
Chatham-Kent Public Health	17	9	1,295	1,218.1
Grey Bruce Health Unit	1	0	656	386.1
Huron Perth Public Health	5	3	1,273	910.9
Lambton Public Health	14	5	1,876	1,432.5
Middlesex-London Health Unit	27	36	5,894	1,161.3
Southwestern Public Health	12	8	2,389	1,129.6
Windsor-Essex County Health Unit	20	40	12,353	2,907.8
TOTAL SOUTH WEST	96	101	25,736	1,522.1
Brant County Health Unit	21	11	1,550	998.7

Public Health Unit Name	Change in cases February 06, 2021	Change in cases February 07, 2021	Cumulative case count	Cumulative rate per 100,000 population
City of Hamilton Public Health Services	88	33	9,626	1,625.6
Haldimand-Norfolk Health Unit	5	1	1,318	1,155.3
Halton Region Public Health	61	33	8,503	1,373.5
Niagara Region Public Health	35	28	8,210	1,737.6
Region of Waterloo Public Health and Emergency Services	54	39	9,786	1,674.6
Wellington-Dufferin-Guelph Public Health	18	22	4,426	1,419.0
TOTAL CENTRAL WEST	282	167	43,419	1,523.9
TOTAL ONTARIO	1,489	1,265	279,472	1,880.1

Notes: Health units with data corrections or updates could result in records being removed from totals resulting in negative counts.

Outbreaks

Table 7. Summary of recent confirmed COVID-19 outbreaks reported in long-term care homes, retirement homes and hospitals by status: Ontario

Institution type	Change in outbreaks February 06, 2021	Change in outbreaks February 07, 2021	Number of ongoing outbreaks	Cumulative number of outbreaks reported
Long-term care homes	7	4	223	1,222
Retirement homes	7	-1	116	697
Hospitals	3	1	71	380

Note: Ongoing outbreaks include all outbreaks that are 'Open' in CCM without a 'Declared Over Date' recorded, or where the outbreak started more than five months ago, even for outbreaks where the Outbreak Status value selected in CCM is 'OPEN'. The start of the outbreak is determined by the onset date of first case, or if missing the outbreak reported date, or else if that is also missing, then the outbreak created date.

Technical Notes

Data Sources

- The data for this report were based on information successfully extracted from the Public Health
 Case and Contact Management Solution (CCM) for all PHUs by PHO as of February 07, 2021 at 1
 p.m.
- CCM is a dynamic disease reporting system, which allows ongoing updates to data previously entered. As a result, data extracted from CCM represent a snapshot at the time of extraction and may differ from previous or subsequent reports.
- Ontario population projection data for 2020 were sourced from Ministry, IntelliHEALTH Ontario.
 Data were extracted on November 26, 2019.
- COVID-19 test data were based on information from The Provincial COVID-19 Diagnostics Network, reported by member microbiology laboratories.

Data Caveats

- The data only represent cases reported to public health units and recorded in CCM. As a result, all counts will be subject to varying degrees of underreporting due to a variety of factors, such as disease awareness and medical care seeking behaviours, which may depend on severity of illness, clinical practice, changes in laboratory testing, and reporting behaviours.
- Lags in CCM data entry due to weekend staffing may result in lower case counts than would otherwise be recorded.
- Only cases meeting the confirmed case classification as listed in the MOH <u>COVID-19 case</u> <u>definition</u> are included in the report counts from CCM. This includes persons with a positive detection of serum/plasma immunoglobulin G (IgG) antibodies to SARS-CoV-2, which was added to the confirmed case definition on August 6, 2020.
- Cases of confirmed reinfection, i.e. where genome sequencing indicates the two episodes are caused by different viral lineages, added to the confirmed case definition on November 20, 2020, are counted as unique investigations.
- The number of tests performed does not reflect the number of specimens or persons tested.
 More than one test may be performed per specimen or per person. As such, the percentage of
 tests that were positive does not necessarily translate to the number of specimens or persons
 testing positive.
- Reported date is the date the case was reported to the public health unit.
- Case episode date is based on an estimate of the best date of disease onset. This date is calculated based on either the date of symptom onset, specimen collection/test date, or the date reported to the public health unit.

- Resolved cases are determined only for COVID-19 cases that have not died. Cases that have died are considered fatal and not resolved. The following cases are classified as resolved:
 - Cases that are reported as 'recovered' in CCM
 - Cases that are not hospitalized and are 14 days past their episode date
 - Cases that are currently hospitalized (no hospital end date entered) and have a status of
 'closed' in CCM (indicating public health unit follow-up is complete) and are 14 days past
 their symptom onset date or specimen collection date
- Hospitalization includes all cases for which a hospital admission date was reported at the time of
 data extraction. It includes cases that have been discharged from hospital as well as cases that
 are currently hospitalized. Emergency room visits are not included in the number of reported
 hospitalizations.
- ICU admission includes all cases for which an ICU admission date was reported at the time of data extraction. It is a subset of the count of hospitalized cases. It includes cases that have been treated or that are currently being treated in an ICU.
- Orientation of case counts by geography is based on the diagnosing health unit (DHU). DHU
 refers to the case's public health unit of residence at the time of illness onset and not
 necessarily the location of exposure. Cases for which the DHU was reported as MOH (to signify a
 case that is not a resident of Ontario) have been excluded from the analyses.
- Likely source of acquisition is determined by examining the epidemiologic link and epidemiologic link status fields in CCM. If no epidemiologic link is identified in those fields the risk factor fields are examined to determine whether a case travelled, was associated with a confirmed outbreak, was a contact of a case, had no known epidemiological link (sporadic community transmission) or was reported to have an unknown source/no information was reported. Some cases may have no information reported if the case is untraceable, was lost to follow-up or referred to FNIHB. Cases with multiple risk factors were assigned to a single likely acquisition source group which was determined hierarchically in the following order:
 - For cases with an episode date on or after April 1, 2020: Outbreak-associated > close contact of a confirmed case > travel > no known epidemiological link > information missing or unknown
 - For cases with an episode date before April 1, 2020: Travel > outbreak-associated > close contact of a confirmed case > no known epidemiological link > information missing or unknown
- Deaths are determined by using the outcome field in CCM. Any case marked 'Fatal' is included in the deaths data. The CCM field Type of Death is not used to further categorize the data.
 - The date of death is determined using the outcome date field for cases marked as 'Fatal' in the outcome field.
- COVID-19 cases from CCM for which the Classification and/or Disposition was reported as ENTERED IN ERROR, DOES NOT MEET DEFINITION, IGNORE, DUPLICATE, or any variation on

- these values have been excluded. The provincial case count for COVID-19 includes cases that are counted once across all systems from which the case data are obtained. Duplicate records may exist if these records were not identified and resolved prior to data upload to the Ministry.
- Ongoing outbreaks include all outbreaks that are 'Open' in CCM without a 'Declared Over Date'
 recorded, or where the outbreak started more than five months ago, even for outbreaks where
 the Outbreak Status value selected in CCM is 'OPEN'. The start of the outbreak is determined by
 the onset date of first case, or if missing the outbreak reported date, or else if that is also
 missing, then the outbreak created date.
- 'Long-term care home residents' includes cases that reported 'Yes' to the risk factor 'Resident of a long-term care home'; or 'Yes' to the risk factor 'Resident of nursing home or other chronic care facility' and reported to be part of an outbreak assigned as a long-term care home (via the Outbreak number or case comments field); or were reported to be part of an outbreak assigned as a long-term care home (via the outbreak number or case comments field) with an age over 70 years and did not report 'No' to the risk factors 'Resident of long-term care home' or 'Resident of nursing home or other chronic care facility'. 'Long-term care home residents' excludes cases that reported 'Yes' to any of the health care worker occupational risk factors.
- The 'health care workers' variable includes cases that reported 'Yes' to any of the occupation of health care worker, doctor, nurse, dentist, dental hygienist, midwife, other medical technicians, personal support worker, respiratory therapist, first responder.
- 'Health care workers associated with long-term care outbreaks' includes 'health care workers'
 reported to be part of an outbreak assigned as a long-term care home (via the outbreak number
 or case comments field). Excludes cases that reported 'Yes' to risk factors 'Resident of long-term
 care home' or 'Resident of nursing home or other chronic care facility' and 'Yes' to the
 calculated 'health care workers' variable.
- Percent change is calculated by taking the difference between the current period (i.e., daily count or sum of the daily count over a 7-day period) and previous period (i.e., daily count or sum of the daily count over a 7-day period), divided by the previous period.
- PANGO lineage B.1.1.7: This lineage was first detected in England in September, 2020. Early
 evidence suggests that the N501Y mutation may increase SARS-CoV-2 transmissibility. The
 PANGO lineage B.1.1.7 is assigned to genome sequences with at least 5 of the 17 defining
 B.1.1.7 SNPs.
- PANGO lineage B.1.351 (also known as 501Y.V2): This lineage was first detected October, 2020 in South Africa and has several mutations of concern, including spike (S) gene: N501Y, K417N, and E484K. Early evidence suggests that these mutations may increase SARS-CoV-2 transmissibility and decrease vaccine efficacy. The PANGO lineage B.1.351 will be assigned to genome sequences at least 5 of the 9 defining B.1.351 SNPs.
- Public Health Ontario conducts variants of concern (VOC) surveillance on a subset of SARS-CoV-2 positive specimens. Additional SARS-CoV-2 specimens are referred to PHO Laboratory for screening provided they meet the criteria outlined here:
 https://www.publichealthontario.ca/en/laboratory-services/test-information-index/covid-19-voc

Appendix A

Table A1. Weekly rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population over recent rolling 7-day periods, by reported date and public health unit: Ontario, January 23 to February 04, 2021

Public Health Unit Name	Jan 23 to Jan 29	Jan 24 to Jan 30	Jan 25 to Jan 31	Jan 26 to Feb 01	Jan 27 to Feb 02	Jan 28 to Feb 03	Jan 29 to Feb 04	% change from Jan 23-Jan 29 to Jan 29-Feb 04
NORTH WEST								
Northwestern Health Unit	18.2	13.7	13.7	11.4	13.7	13.7	9.1	-50.0%
Thunder Bay District Health Unit	70.0	73.4	81.4	85.4	83.4	68.7	56.0	-20.0%
NORTH EAST								
Algoma Public Health	13.1	14.0	14.9	17.5	20.1	17.5	12.2	-6.9%
North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit	3.9	3.9	4.6	3.1	4.6	5.4	4.6	+17.9%
Porcupine Health Unit	85.1	64.7	62.3	61.1	55.1	41.9	31.2	-63.3%
Public Health Sudbury & Districts	38.7	34.2	29.1	23.1	21.1	16.1	12.1	-68.7%
Timiskaming Health Unit	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	+96.8%
EASTERN								
Ottawa Public Health	42.3	38.2	36.6	37.0	35.3	33.1	31.5	-25.5%
Eastern Ontario Health Unit	64.2	62.3	60.8	56.5	50.8	48.9	45.0	-29.9%
Hastings Prince Edward Public Health	1.2	0.6	1.2	1.8	2.4	1.8	2.4	+100.0%
Kingston, Frontenac and Lennox & Addington Public Health	4.2	3.3	3.3	4.7	4.7	3.3	3.3	-21.4%

Public Health Unit Name	Jan 23 to Jan 29	Jan 24 to Jan 30	Jan 25 to Jan 31	Jan 26 to Feb 01	Jan 27 to Feb 02	Jan 28 to Feb 03	Jan 29 to Feb 04	% change from Jan 23-Jan 29 to Jan 29-Feb 04
Leeds, Grenville & Lanark District Health Unit	15.0	15.0	17.3	18.5	16.2	13.3	12.1	-19.3%
Renfrew County and District Health Unit	3.7	3.7	4.6	4.6	5.5	6.4	4.6	+24.3%
CENTRAL EAST								
Durham Region Health Department	65.4	66.3	67.7	64.9	62.7	60.1	54.7	-16.4%
Haliburton, Kawartha, Pine Ridge District Health Unit	28.1	23.3	28.1	26.5	27.0	37.6	36.0	+28.1%
Peel Public Health	149.6	146.8	143.8	138.4	136.6	133.8	126.3	-15.6%
Peterborough Public Health	24.3	20.9	20.9	20.9	18.2	15.5	12.8	-47.3%
Simcoe Muskoka District Health Unit	53.7	51.7	51.4	51.0	51.5	53.2	47.7	-11.2%
York Region Public Health	100.7	98.4	95.0	92.1	85.6	80.6	76.4	-24.1%
TORONTO								
Toronto Public Health	140.0	136.9	133.7	132.8	128.8	123.2	117.7	-15.9%
SOUTH WEST								
Chatham-Kent Public Health	108.2	109.1	108.2	98.8	92.2	94.1	91.2	-15.7%
Grey Bruce Health Unit	13.5	15.3	14.1	17.1	16.5	13.5	12.4	-8.1%
Huron Perth Public Health	51.5	50.1	37.2	35.1	30.1	27.9	32.2	-37.5%
Lambton Public Health	53.4	48.9	44.3	41.2	40.5	32.8	27.5	-48.5%
Middlesex-London Health Unit	48.3	47.9	45.7	45.5	45.7	41.4	38.6	-20.1%

Public Health Unit Name	Jan 23 to Jan 29	Jan 24 to Jan 30	Jan 25 to Jan 31	Jan 26 to Feb 01	Jan 27 to Feb 02	Jan 28 to Feb 03	Jan 29 to Feb 04	% change from Jan 23-Jan 29 to Jan 29-Feb 04
Southwestern Public Health	49.6	39.7	40.2	38.8	39.7	33.1	39.7	-20.0%
Windsor-Essex County Health Unit	89.4	90.4	85.2	76.3	72.3	65.2	62.6	-30.0%
CENTRAL WEST								
Brant County Health Unit	36.7	36.7	34.8	29.0	23.8	32.2	29.6	-19.3%
City of Hamilton Public Health Services	84.3	82.1	78.4	75.7	73.3	68.2	66.0	-21.7%
Haldimand-Norfolk Health Unit	33.3	32.4	33.3	34.2	37.7	35.1	35.9	+7.8%
Halton Region Public Health	55.6	56.9	58.3	56.2	53.1	61.1	63.0	+13.3%
Niagara Region Public Health	128.3	131.0	119.8	113.9	102.0	87.2	82.5	-35.7%
Region of Waterloo Public Health and Emergency Services	79.7	83.5	77.0	68.8	61.9	64.9	57.8	-27.5%
Wellington-Dufferin- Guelph Public Health	99.4	91.1	92.3	81.8	74.7	66.4	54.8	-44.9%
TOTAL ONTARIO	88.3	86.4	84.1	81.5	78.3	75.0	70.9	-19.7%

Note: Rates are based on the sum of the daily case counts during the date ranges specified in each column.

Table A2. Summary of confirmed variant of concern (VOC) cases by public health unit: Ontario as of February 07, 2021

Public Health Unit Name	Cumulative count for Lineage B.1.1.7	Cumulative count for Lineage B.1.351
Algoma Public Health	0	0
Brant County Health Unit	0	0
Chatham-Kent Public Health	0	0
City of Hamilton Public Health Services	0	0
Durham Region Health Department	10	0
Eastern Ontario Health Unit	0	0
Grey Bruce Health Unit	0	0
Haldimand-Norfolk Health Unit	1	0
Haliburton, Kawartha, Pine Ridge District Health Unit	0	0
Halton Region Public Health	1	0
Hastings Prince Edward Public Health	0	0
Huron Perth Public Health	0	0
Kingston, Frontenac and Lennox & Addington Public Health	1	0
Lambton Public Health	0	0
Leeds, Grenville & Lanark District Health Unit	0	0
Middlesex-London Health Unit	4	0
Niagara Region Public Health	0	0

Public Health Unit Name	Cumulative count for Lineage B.1.1.7	Cumulative count for Lineage B.1.351
North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit	0	0
Northwestern Health Unit	0	0
Ottawa Public Health	6	0
Peel Public Health	19	1
Peterborough Public Health	0	0
Porcupine Health Unit	0	0
Public Health Sudbury & Districts	2	0
Region of Waterloo Public Health and Emergency Services	1	0
Renfrew County and District Health Unit	0	0
Simcoe Muskoka District Health Unit	125	0
Southwestern Public Health	0	0
Thunder Bay District Health Unit	0	0
Timiskaming Health Unit	0	0
Toronto Public Health	30	0
Wellington-Dufferin-Guelph Public Health	0	0
Windsor-Essex County Health Unit	0	0
York Region Public Health	19	0
TOTAL ONTARIO	219	1

Note: Caution should be taken when interpreting VOC data due to the nature of the screening and confirmation process, including delays between specimen collection and whole genome sequencing (WGS). A confirmed VOC case is defined as a COVID-19 case in whom a designated VOC was detected by WGS of their SARS-CoV-2 positive

specimen. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and/or updated and may result in totals differing from past publicly reported case counts.

Disclaimer

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Citation

Ontario Agency for Health Protection and Promotion (Public Health Ontario). Epidemiologic summary: COVID-19 in Ontario – January 15, 2020 to February 07, 2021. Toronto, ON: Queen's Printer for Ontario; 2021.

For Further Information

For more information, email cd@oahpp.ca.

Public Health Ontario

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