

Daily Epidemiologic Summary

COVID-19 in Ontario: January 15, 2020 to August 30, 2020

This report includes the most current information available from CCM and other case management systems (CCM plus) as of **August 30, 2020**.

Please visit the interactive Ontario COVID-19 Data Tool to explore recent COVID-19 data by public health unit, age group, sex, and trends over time.

A weekly summary report is available with additional information to complement the daily report.

This **daily** report provides an epidemiologic summary of recent COVID-19 activity in Ontario. The change in cases is determined by taking the cumulative difference between the current day and the previous day.

Highlights

- There are a total of 42,309 confirmed cases of COVID-19 in Ontario reported to date.
- Compared to the previous day, this represents:
 - An increase of 114 confirmed cases (percent change of +1.8%)
 - An increase of 1 death (percent change of 0.0%)
 - An increase of 73 resolved cases (percent change of -6.4%)

In this document, the term 'change in cases' refers to cases publicly reported by the province for a given day. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and or updated from past reports and may result in subset totals for updated case counts (i.e., age group, gender) differing from the overall updated case counts.

The term public health unit reported date in this document refers to the date local public health units were first notified of the case.

Case Characteristics

Table 1a. Summary of recent cases of COVID-19: Ontario

	Change in cases August 29	Change in cases August 30	Percentage change August 30 compared to August 29	Cumulative case count as of August 30
Total number of cases	112	114	+1.8%	42,309
Number of deaths	1	1	0.0%	2,811
Number resolved	78	73	-6.4%	38,277

Note: The number of cases publicly reported by the province each day may not align with case counts reported to public health on a given day; public health unit reported date refers to the date local public health was first notified of the case.

Table 1b. Summary of recent cases of COVID-19 by age group and gender: Ontario

	Change in cases August 29	Change in cases August 30	Cumulative case count as of August 30
Gender: Male	53	48	19,799
Gender: Female	59	63	22,209
Ages: 19 and under	19	21	2,798
Ages: 20-39	54	47	13,276
Ages: 40-59	16	32	12,590
Ages: 60-79	17	10	7,539
Ages: 80 and over	6	3	6,100

Note: Not all cases have a reported age or gender reported. Data corrections or updates can result in case records being removed and or updated from past reports and may result in subset totals (i.e., age group, gender) differing from past publicly reported case counts.

Data Source: CCM plus

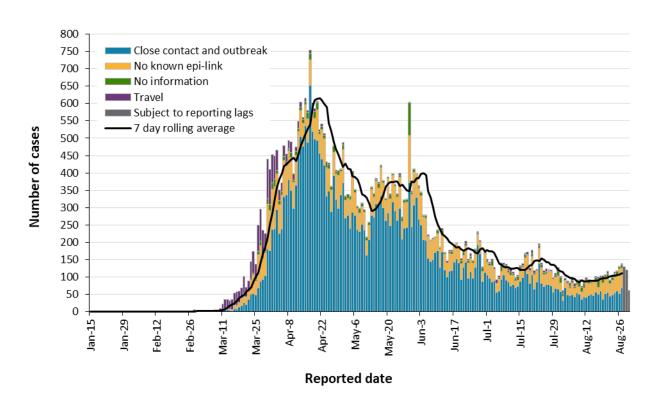
Table 2. Summary of recent cases of COVID-19 in long-term care homes: Ontario

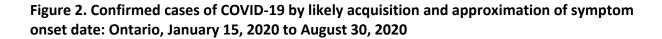
Long-term care home cases	Change in cases August 29	Change in cases August 30	Cumulative case count as of August 30
Residents	1	0	5,936
Health care workers	0	1	2,638
Deaths among residents	0	1	1,815
Deaths among health care workers	0	0	8

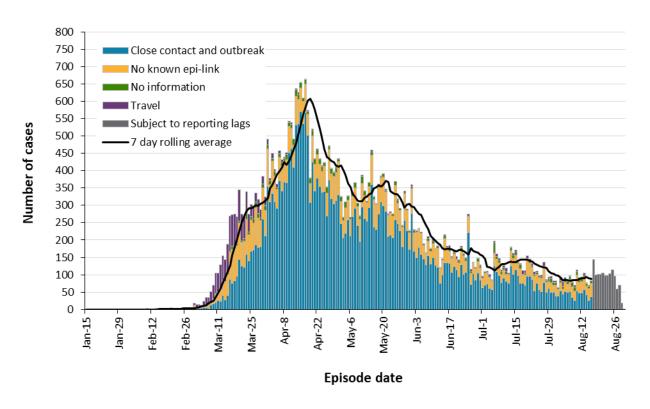
Note: Information on how long-term care home residents and health care workers are identified is available in the technical notes. Also, the change in cases in these categories may represent existing case records that have been updated.

Time

Figure 1. Confirmed cases of COVID-19 by likely acquisition and public health unit reported date: Ontario, January 15, 2020 to August 30, 2020

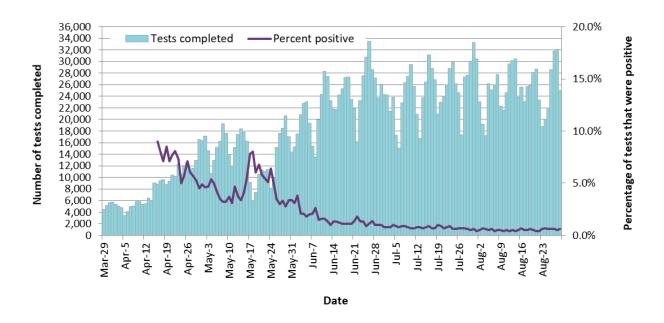






Note: Not all cases may have an episode date and those without one are not included in the figure. Episode date is defined and available in the technical notes.

Figure 3. Number of COVID-19 tests completed and percent positivity: Ontario, March 29, 2020 to August 29, 2020

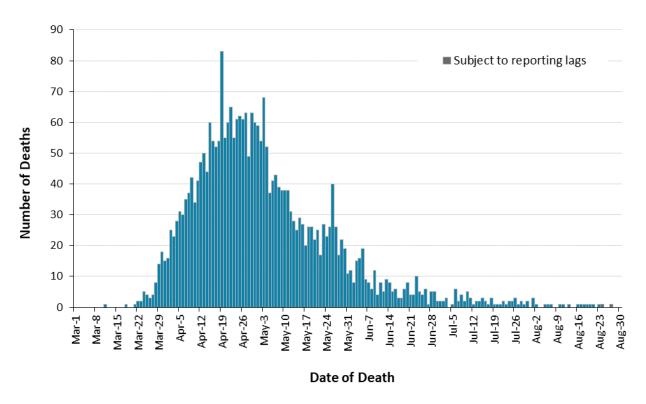


Note: The number of tests performed does not reflect the number of specimens or persons tested. More than one test may be performed per specimen or per person. As such, the percentage of tests that were positive does not necessarily translate to the number of specimens or persons testing positive.

Data Source: The Provincial COVID-19 Diagnostics Network, data reported by member microbiology laboratories.

Severity

Figure 4. Confirmed deaths among COVID-19 cases by date of death: Ontario, March 1, 2020 to August 30, 2020



Note: Cases without a death date are not included in the figure.

Table 3. Confirmed cases of COVID-19 by severity: Ontario

	Cumulative case count as of August 30	Percentage of all cases
Cumulative deaths reported (please note there may be a reporting delay for deaths)	2,811	6.6%
Deaths reported in ages: 19 and under	1	0.0%
Deaths reported in ages: 20-39	11	0.1%
Deaths reported in ages: 40-59	121	1.0%
Deaths reported in ages: 60-79	753	10.0%
Deaths reported in ages: 80 and over	1,924	31.5%
Ever in ICU	1,039	2.5%
Ever hospitalized	4,872	11.5%

Geography

Table 4. Summary of recent cases of COVID-19 by public health unit and region: Ontario

Public Health Unit Name	Change in cases August 29	Change in cases August 30	Cumulative case count	Cumulative rate per 100,000 population
Northwestern Health Unit	0	0	46	52.5
Thunder Bay District Health Unit	0	0	103	68.7
TOTAL NORTH WEST	0	0	149	62.7
Algoma Public Health	0	1	28	24.5
North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit	0	0	35	27.0
Porcupine Health Unit	0	0	73	87.5
Public Health Sudbury & Districts	0	0	94	47.2
Timiskaming Health Unit	-1	0	19	58.1
TOTAL NORTH EAST	-1	1	249	44.5
Ottawa Public Health	16	21	2,967	281.3
Eastern Ontario Health Unit	1	3	195	93.4
Hastings Prince Edward Public Health	0	0	51	30.3
Kingston, Frontenac and Lennox & Addington Public Health	0	0	112	52.7
Leeds, Grenville & Lanark District Health Unit	0	0	365	210.8
Renfrew County and District Health Unit	1	0	33	30.4
TOTAL EASTERN	18	24	3,723	193.3

Public Health Unit Name	Change in cases August 29	Change in cases August 30	Cumulative case count	Cumulative rate per 100,000 population
Durham Region Health Department	3	5	1,897	266.3
Haliburton, Kawartha, Pine Ridge District Health Unit	1	1	225	119.1
Peel Public Health	27	16	7,156	445.6
Peterborough Public Health	0	1	104	70.3
Simcoe Muskoka District Health Unit	1	1	711	118.6
York Region Public Health	6	12	3,442	280.8
TOTAL CENTRAL EAST	38	36	13,535	302.1
Toronto Public Health	35	41	14,772	473.4
TOTAL TORONTO	35	41	14,772	473.4
Chatham-Kent Public Health	1	1	364	342.4
Grey Bruce Health Unit	0	0	118	69.5
Huron Perth Public Health	4	0	121	86.6
Lambton Public Health	0	0	338	258.1
Middlesex-London Health Unit	0	1	729	143.6
Southwestern Public Health	0	0	253	119.6
Windsor-Essex County Health Unit	6	5	2,512	591.3
TOTAL SOUTH WEST	11	7	4,435	262.3
Brant County Health Unit	0	1	172	110.8
City of Hamilton Public Health Services	4	0	970	163.8

Public Health Unit Name	Change in cases August 29	Change in cases August 30	Cumulative case count	Cumulative rate per 100,000 population
Haldimand-Norfolk Health Unit	0	3	468	410.2
Halton Region Public Health	3	1	882	142.5
Niagara Region Public Health	2	0	935	197.9
Region of Waterloo Public Health and Emergency Services	1	0	1,455	249.0
Wellington-Dufferin-Guelph Public Health	1	0	564	180.8
TOTAL CENTRAL WEST	11	5	5,446	191.1
TOTAL ONTARIO	112	114	42,309	284.6

Note: Health units with data corrections or updates could result in records being removed from totals resulting in negative counts.

Outbreaks

Table 5. Summary of recent confirmed COVID-19 outbreaks reported in long-term care homes, retirement homes and hospitals by status: Ontario

Institution type	Change in outbreaks August 29	Change in outbreaks August 30	Number of ongoing outbreaks	Cumulative number of outbreaks reported
Long-term care homes	2	2	15	416
Retirement homes	1	0	19	186
Hospitals	0	0	3	98

Note: Ongoing outbreaks includes all outbreaks that are 'Open' in iPHIS without a 'Declared Over Date' recorded.

Data Source: iPHIS

Technical Notes

Data Sources

- The data for this report were based on:
 - Information extracted from the Ontario Ministry of Health (Ministry) integrated Public Health Information System (iPHIS) database for Toronto Public Health as of August 30, 2020 at 3 p.m.
 - Information successfully uploaded to the Ministry from Local Systems: Toronto Public Health (Coronavirus Rapid Entry System) CORES, The Ottawa Public Health COVID-19 Ottawa Database (The COD) and Middlesex-London COVID-19 Case and Contact Management Tool (CCMtool) as of August 30, 2020 at 2 p.m.
 - Information successfully uploaded to the Ministry from the Public Health Case and Contact Management Solution (CCM) for all other PHUs as of **August 30, 2020 at 1 p.m.**
- CCM and CCM plus (which includes CCM, iPHIS, CORES, The COD and COVID-19 CCMtool) are
 dynamic disease reporting systems, which allow ongoing updates to data previously entered. As
 a result, data extracted from CCM and the Local Systems represent a snapshot at the time of
 extraction and may differ from previous or subsequent reports.
- Ontario population projection data for 2020 were sourced from Ministry, IntelliHEALTH Ontario.
 Data were extracted on November 26, 2019.
- COVID-19 test data were based on information from The Provincial COVID-19 Diagnostics Network, reported by member microbiology laboratories.

Data Caveats

- The data only represent cases reported to public health units and recorded in CCM plus. As a result, all counts will be subject to varying degrees of underreporting due to a variety of factors, such as disease awareness and medical care seeking behaviours, which may depend on severity of illness, clinical practice, changes in laboratory testing, and reporting behaviours.
- Lags in CCM plus data entry due to weekend staffing may result in lower case counts than would otherwise be recorded.
- Only cases meeting the confirmed case classification as listed in the MOH <u>COVID-19 case</u>
 <u>definition</u> are included in the report counts from CCM plus. This includes persons with a positive
 detection of serum/plasma immunoglobulin G (IgG) antibodies to SARS-CoV-2, which was added
 to the confirmed case definition on August 6, 2020.
- The number of tests performed does not reflect the number of specimens or persons tested. More than one test may be performed per specimen or per person. As such, the percentage of tests that were positive does not necessarily translate to the number of specimens or persons testing positive.

- Reported date is the date the case was reported to the public health unit.
- Case episode date is based on an estimate of the best date of disease onset. This date is calculated based on either the date of symptom onset, specimen collection/test date, or the date reported to the public health unit.
- Resolved cases are determined only for COVID-19 cases that have not died. Cases that have died are considered fatal and not resolved. The following cases are classified as resolved:
 - Cases that are reported as 'recovered' in CCM
 - Cases that are not hospitalized and are 14 days past their episode date
 - Cases that are currently hospitalized (no hospital end date entered) and have a status of
 'closed' in CCM (indicating public health unit follow-up is complete) and are 14 days past
 their symptom onset date or specimen collection date
- Hospitalization includes all cases for which a hospital admission date was reported at the time of
 data extraction. It includes cases that have been discharged from hospital as well as cases that
 are currently hospitalized. Emergency room visits are not included in the number of reported
 hospitalizations.
- ICU admission includes all cases for which an ICU admission date was reported at the time of data extraction. It is a subset of the count of hospitalized cases. It includes cases that have been treated or that are currently being treated in an ICU.
- Orientation of case counts by geography is based on the diagnosing health unit (DHU). DHU
 refers to the case's public health unit of residence at the time of illness onset and not
 necessarily the location of exposure. Cases for which the DHU was reported as MOH (to signify a
 case that is not a resident of Ontario) have been excluded from the analyses.
- Likely source of acquisition is determined by examining the exposure and risk factor fields from CCM and local systems to determine whether a case travelled, was associated with an outbreak, was a contact of a case, had no known epidemiological link (sporadic community transmission) or was reported to have an unknown source/no information was reported. Some cases may have no information reported if the case is untraceable, was lost to follow-up or referred to FNIHB. Cases with multiple exposures or risk factors were assigned to a single likely acquisition source group which was determined hierarchically in the following order:
 - For cases with an episode date on or after April 1, 2020: Outbreak-associated > close contact of a confirmed case > travel > no known epidemiological link > information missing or unknown
 - For cases with an episode date before April 1, 2020: Travel > outbreak-associated > close contact of a confirmed case > no known epidemiological link > information missing or unknown

- Deaths are determined by using the outcome field in CCM plus. Any case marked 'Fatal' is included in the deaths data. Deaths are included whether or not COVID-19 was determined to be a contributing or underlying cause of death as indicated in the CCM field Type of Death.
 - The date of death is determined using the outcome date field for cases marked as 'Fatal' in the outcome field.
- CCM/iPHIS cases for which the Disposition Status was reported as ENTERED IN ERROR, DOES
 NOT MEET DEFINITION, DOES NOT MEET, IGNORE, DUPLICATE-DO NOT USE, or any variation on
 these values have been excluded. The provincial case count for COVID-19 includes cases that are
 counted once across all systems from which the case data are obtained. Duplicate records may
 exist if these records were not identified and resolved prior to data upload to the Ministry.
- Ongoing outbreaks are those that are reported in iPHIS as 'Open' without a 'Declared Over Date' recorded.
- 'Long-term care home residents' includes cases that reported 'Yes' to the risk factor 'Resident of a long-term care home'; or 'Yes' to the risk factor 'Resident of nursing home or other chronic care facility' and reported to be part of an outbreak assigned as a long-term care home (via the Outbreak number or case comments field); or were reported to be part of an outbreak assigned as a long-term care home (via the outbreak number or case comments field) with an age over 70 years and did not report 'No' to the risk factors 'Resident of long-term care home' or 'Resident of nursing home or other chronic care facility'. 'Long-term care home residents' excludes cases that reported 'Yes' to any of the health care worker occupational risk factors.
- The 'health care workers' variable includes cases that reported 'Yes' to any of the occupation of health care worker, doctor, nurse, dentist, dental hygienist, midwife, other medical technicians, personal support worker, respiratory therapist, first responder.
- 'Health care workers associated with long-term care outbreaks' includes 'health care workers'
 reported to be part of an outbreak assigned as a long-term care home (via the outbreak number
 or case comments field). Excludes cases that reported 'Yes' to risk factors 'Resident of long-term
 care home' or 'Resident of nursing home or other chronic care facility' and 'Yes' to the
 calculated 'health care workers' variable.
- Percent change is calculated by taking the difference between the current day and previous day, divided by the previous day count.

Disclaimer

This document was developed by Public Health Ontario (PHO). PHO provides scientific and technical advice to Ontario's government, public health organizations and health care providers. PHO's work is guided by the current best available evidence at the time of publication.

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For Further Information

For more information, email cd@oahpp.ca.

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