

Epidemiologic Summary

COVID-19 in Ontario: January 15, 2020 to May 5, 2020

This report includes the most current information available from the integrated Public Health Information System (iPHIS) as of **4 p.m. May 5, 2020,** from the Toronto Public Health Coronavirus Rapid Entry System (CORES) and the Ottawa Public Health COVID-19 Ottawa Database (The COD) as of **2 p.m. May 5, 2020.**

Purpose

• This daily report provides an epidemiologic summary of COVID-19 activity in Ontario to date.

Highlights

- There are 18,722 confirmed cases of COVID-19 in Ontario reported to date. This represents an increase of 412 confirmed cases from the previous report.
 - 41.8% of cases are male, 57.3% are female.
 - 43.8% of cases are 60 years of age and older.
 - Greater Toronto Area public health units account for 60.6% of cases.
 - 12.2% of cases were hospitalized.
- 1,429 deaths have been reported (please note there may be a reporting delay for deaths). This is an increase of 68 deaths from the previous report.
- 223 outbreaks have been reported in long-term care homes. This is an increase of 5 outbreaks from the previous report.
- 653 deaths have been reported among residents/patients in long-term care homes. This is an difference of 44 deaths from the previous report.

Case Characteristics

	Number	Percentage
Number of cases ¹	18,722	N/A
Change from previous report	412	2.3% increase
Gender: Male	7,824	41.8
Gender: Female	10,732	57.3
Ages: 19 and under	473	2.5
Ages: 20-39	4,379	23.4
Ages: 40-59	5,652	30.2
Ages: 60-79	4,089	21.8
Ages: 80 and over	4,116	22.0
Number of cases in health care workers	3,013	16.1

¹ Cases and rates by public health units are provided in <u>Appendix A</u>.

Note: 166 cases did not specify male or female. 13 cases had an unknown age.

Time

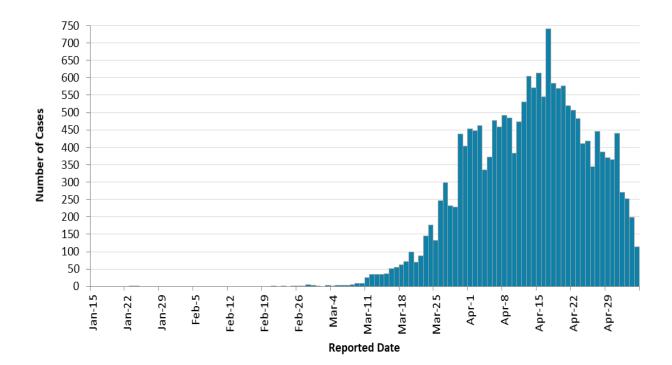


Figure 1. Confirmed cases (n=18,722) of COVID-19 by reported date: Ontario, January 15, 2020 to May 5, 2020¹

¹Interpret case counts for the most recent days (approximately 3 days) with caution due to reporting lags.

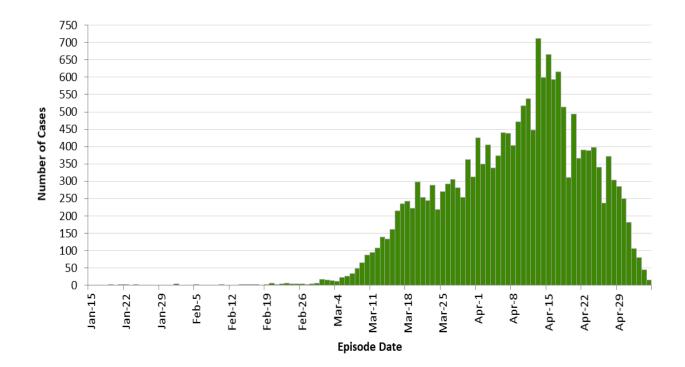


Figure 2. Confirmed cases (n=18,722) of COVID-19 by an approximation of symptom onset date¹: Ontario, January 15, 2020 to May 5, 2020²

¹ This date, referred to as episode date, is intended to approximate symptom onset date. It is calculated based on either the date of symptom onset, specimen collection/test date, or the date reported to public health.

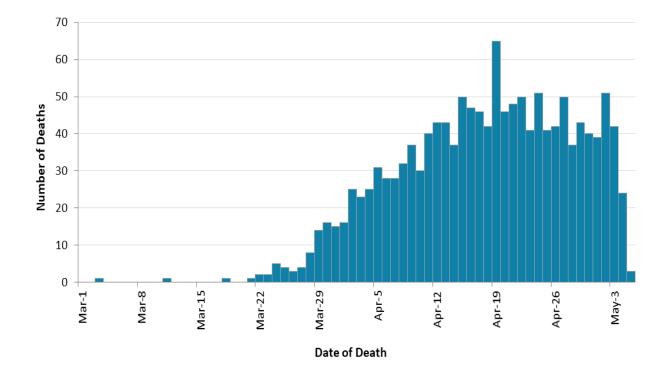
² Interpret case counts for the most recent days (approximately 14 days) with caution due to reporting lags.





¹The number of tests performed does not reflect the number of specimens or persons tested. More than one test may be performed per specimen or per person. As such, the percentage of tests that were positive does not necessarily translate to the number of specimens or persons testing positive.

Data Source: The Provincial COVID-19 Diagnostics Network, data reported by member microbiology laboratories.





¹This count excludes 16 cases that did not have a date of death reported.

² Interpret case counts for the most recent days with caution due to reporting lags.

Exposure

Table 2. Confirmed cases (n=18,722) of COVID-19 by exposure type: Ontario, January 15, 2020 to May 5, 2020

	Number	Percentage
Travel ¹	1,411	7.5
Close contact of a confirmed case	4,014	21.4
Community transmission	6,790	36.3
Information pending	6,507	34.8

¹Travel within the 14 days prior to becoming ill.

Severity

Table 3. Confirmed cases (n=18,722) of COVID-19 by severity: Ontario, January 15, 2020 to May 5, 2020

	Number	Percentage
Cumulative deaths reported (please note there may be a reporting delay for deaths in iPHIS)	1,429	7.6
Change from previous report	68	5.0% increase
Deaths reported in ages: 19 and under	0	0.0
Deaths reported in ages: 20-39	7	0.2
Deaths reported in ages: 40-59	63	1.1
Deaths reported in ages: 60-79	359	8.8
Deaths reported in ages: 80 and over	1,000	24.3
Cumulative intensive care ¹	542	2.9
Cumulative hospitalized ¹	2,285	12.2
Number of resolved ² cases	13,222	70.6

¹ These refer to all hospitalized or ICU admitted cases, not cases that are currently hospitalized or in ICU.

² Cases that are 14 days past symptom onset (if available) or 14 days past the episode date are classified as resolved for non-fatal cases that are not currently listed as hospitalized. Cases are also classified as resolved if the case is reported as "recovered" in iPHIS.

Geography

Figure 5. Confirmed cases (n=18,722) of COVID-19 by public health unit: Ontario, January 15, 2020 to May 5, 2020

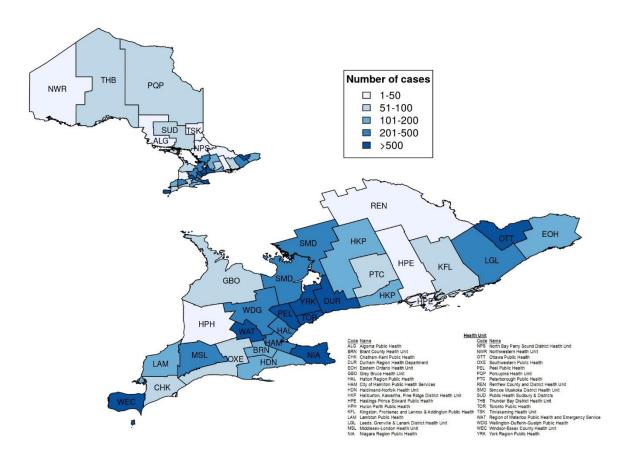
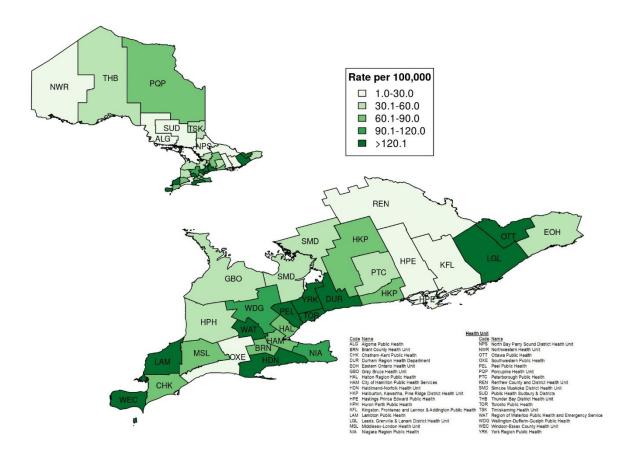


Figure 6. Rate of confirmed cases of COVID-19 by public health unit: Ontario, January 15, 2020 to May 5, 2020



Outbreaks in Institutions and Public Hospitals

Table 4. Confirmed COVID-19 outbreaks reported in long-term care homes, retirement homes and hospitals and total number of associated cases: Ontario, January 15, 2020 to May 5, 2020

Indicator	Long-Term Care Homes	Retirement Homes	Hospitals
Cumulative number of confirmed COVID-19 outbreaks	223	79	69
Total number of cases ^{1,2,3} reported as part of the confirmed COVID-19 outbreaks	3,874	774	532
Cases reported among residents/patients	2,576	506	254
Cases reported among staff	1,293	268	271
Total number of deaths ^{1,2,3} reported as part of the confirmed COVID-19 outbreaks	654	98	40
Deaths reported among residents/patients	653	98	40
Deaths reported among staff	1	0	0

¹ Includes all outbreak-related cases and deaths reported in aggregate outbreak summary counts, regardless of whether the case was laboratory confirmed (deaths among non-laboratory confirmed cases reported here are not included in Table 3).

² May include cases and deaths other than residents/patients or staff, such as volunteers. As a result, the total number of cases and deaths may be greater than the number of cases and deaths reported in residents or staff.

³ Counts may fluctuate from previous reports due to updates made by health units as additional information about the outbreak is reported.

Data Source: integrated Public Health Information System (iPHIS) database.

Technical Notes

Data Sources

- The data for this report were based on:
 - Information extracted from the Ontario Ministry of Health (MOH) integrated Public Health Information System (iPHIS) database, as of May 5, 2020 at 4 p.m.
 - Information successfully uploaded to the Ministry from Local Systems: the Toronto Public Health (Coronavirus Rapid Entry System) CORES and The Ottawa Public Health COVID-19 Ottawa Database (The COD), as of **May 5, 2020 at 2 p.m.**
- iPHIS, CORES and The COD are dynamic disease reporting systems, which allows ongoing updates to data previously entered. As a result, data extracted from iPHIS and the Local Systems represent a snapshot at the time of extraction and may differ from previous or subsequent reports.
- Ontario population projection data for 2020 were sourced from Ontario Ministry of Health, IntelliHEALTH Ontario. Data were extracted on November 26, 2019.
- COVID-19 test data were based on information from The Provincial COVID-19 Diagnostics Network, reported by member microbiology laboratories.

Data Caveats:

- The data only represent cases reported to public health and recorded in iPHIS and the Local Systems (e.g., CORES, The COD). As a result, all counts will be subject to varying degrees of underreporting due to a variety of factors, such as disease awareness and medical care seeking behaviours, which may depend on severity of illness, clinical practice, changes in laboratory testing, and reporting behaviours.
- Lags in iPHIS and Local Systems data entry due to reduced holiday and weekend staffing may result in lower case counts than would otherwise be recorded.
- Only cases meeting the confirmed case classification as listed in the MOH <u>COVID-19 case</u> <u>definition</u> are included in the report counts from iPHIS the Local Systems.
- Case episode date is based on an estimate of the best date of disease onset. This date is calculated based on either the date of symptom onset, specimen collection/test date, or the date reported to public health.
- Orientation of case counts by geography is based on the diagnosing health unit (DHU). DHU refers to the case's public health unit of residence at the time of illness onset and not necessarily the location of exposure. Cases for which the DHU was reported as MOH (to signify a case that is not a resident of Ontario) have been excluded from the analyses.
 - GTA health units include: Durham Region Health Department, Peel Public Health, Toronto Public Health and York Region Public Health

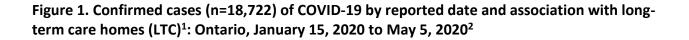
- Exposure type is determined by examining the exposure and risk factor fields from iPHIS to determine whether a case travelled, was a contact of a case or neither. A hierarchy has been applied as follows: Travel-related > Close contact of a confirmed case > Community transmission > Information pending.
- Exposure type is determined from Local Systems by examining the risk factor fields from Local Systems to determine whether a case travelled, was a contact of a case or neither. A hierarchy has been applied as follows: Travel-related > Close contact of a confirmed case > Community transmission > Information pending
- Deaths are determined by using the outcome field in iPHIS or Local Systems. Any case marked 'Fatal' is included in the deaths data. Deaths are included whether or not COVID-19 was determined to be a contributing or underlying cause of death as indicated in the iPHIS field Type of Death.
 - The date of death is determined using the outcome date field for cases marked as 'Fatal' in the outcome field.
- iPHIS cases for which the Disposition Status was reported as ENTERED IN ERROR, DOES NOT MEET DEFINITION, DUPLICATE-DO NOT USE, or any variation on these values have been excluded.
- To provide a measure of the impact of COVID-19 on long-term care homes and hospitals, the number of outbreaks and the associated cases are reported. To obtain the case and deaths data for these outbreaks, the aggregate counts recorded by public health units in the outbreak's summary counts section of iPHIS is used. This information is presented in table 4.
 - Previously only a select number of persons in institutional outbreaks would be tested for COVID-19, and there could still be circumstances where not all individuals end up being tested (e.g., the person dies before they can be tested).
 - These counts may not be updated as frequently as the information for laboratory-confirmed cases.
 - The information in the aggregate counts can not necessarily be reconciled with the laboratory-confirmed case data.

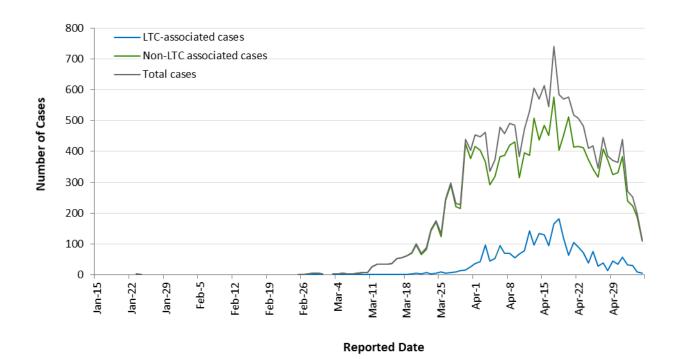
Appendix A

Table 1. Confirmed cases (n=18,722) of COVID-19 by public health unit: Ontario, January 15,2020 to May 5, 2020

Public Health Unit Name	Cases	Rate per 100,000 population
Northwestern Health Unit	15	17.1
Thunder Bay District Health Unit	78	52.0
TOTAL NORTH WEST	93	39.1
Algoma Public Health	13	11.4
North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit	17	13.1
Porcupine Health Unit	62	74.3
Public Health Sudbury & Districts	57	28.6
Timiskaming Health Unit	18	55.1
TOTAL NORTH EAST	167	29.9
Ottawa Public Health	1,551	147.1
Eastern Ontario Health Unit	103	49.4
Hastings Prince Edward Public Health	44	26.1
Kingston, Frontenac and Lennox & Addington Public Health	60	28.2
Leeds, Grenville & Lanark District Health Unit	325	187.7
Renfrew County and District Health Unit	16	14.7
TOTAL EASTERN	2,099	109.0
Durham Region Health Department	1,087	152.6
Haliburton, Kawartha, Pine Ridge District Health Unit	155	82.0
Peel Public Health	2,628	163.6

Public Health Unit Name	Cases	Rate per 100,000 population
Peterborough Public Health	68	46.0
Simcoe Muskoka District Health Unit	340	56.7
York Region Public Health	1,694	138.2
TOTAL CENTRAL EAST	5,972	133.3
Toronto Public Health	5,928	190.0
TOTAL TORONTO	5,928	190.0
Chatham-Kent Public Health	89	83.7
Grey Bruce Health Unit	82	48.3
Huron Perth Public Health	50	35.8
Lambton Public Health	190	145.1
Middlesex-London Health Unit	431	84.9
Southwestern Public Health	59	27.9
Windsor-Essex County Health Unit	654	153.9
TOTAL SOUTH WEST	1,555	92.0
Brant County Health Unit	105	67.7
City of Hamilton Public Health Services	454	76.7
Haldimand-Norfolk Health Unit	192	168.3
Halton Region Public Health	497	80.3
Niagara Region Public Health	536	113.4
Region of Waterloo Public Health and Emergency Services	809	138.4
Wellington-Dufferin-Guelph Public Health	315	101.0
TOTAL CENTRAL WEST	2,908	102.1
TOTAL ONTARIO	18,722	126.0

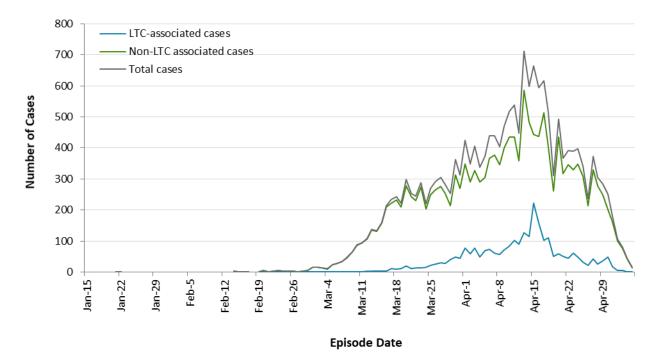




¹ LTC associated cases includes those that reported 'yes' to the risk factor 'Resident of nursing home or other chronic care facility' or were included in an outbreak in a long-term care home (may be residents or staff). Non-LTC associated cases includes those who did not meet the conditions above.

² Interpret case counts for the most recent days (approximately 3 days) with caution due to reporting lags.

Figure 2. Confirmed cases (n=18,722) of COVID-19 by an approximation of symptom onset date¹ and association with long-term care homes (LTC)²: Ontario, January 15, 2020 to May 5, 2020³



¹ This date, referred to as episode date, is intended to approximate symptom onset date. It is calculated based on either the date of symptom onset, specimen collection/test date, or the date reported to public health.

² LTC associated cases includes those that reported 'yes' to the risk factor 'Resident of nursing home or other chronic care facility' or were included in an outbreak in a long-term care home (may be residents or staff). Non-LTC associated cases includes those who did meet the conditions above.

³ Interpret case counts for the most recent days (approximately 14 days) with caution due to reporting lags.

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For Further Information

For more information, email <u>cd@oahpp.ca</u>.

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